


## Electromagnetic Compatibility Information

<b>Manufacturer's declaration-electromagnetic emissions</b>		
The NJ100 is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment (for home healthcare) specified below. The customer or the user of the NJ100 should assure that it is used in such an environment.		
<b>Emission test</b>	<b>Compliance</b>	<b>Electromagnetic environment-guidance (for home healthcare environment)</b>
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The NJ100 uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The NJ100 is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Voltage fluctuations / flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Compliance	

<b>Manufacturer's declaration-electromagnetic immunity</b>			
The NJ100 is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment (for home healthcare) specified below. The customer or the user of the NJ100 should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
<b>Immunity test</b>	<b>IEC 60601 test level</b>	<b>Compliance level</b>	<b>Electromagnetic environment-guidance (for home healthcare environment)</b>
Electrostatic discharge(ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	Contact: $\pm 8$ kV Air $\pm 2$ kV, $\pm 4$ kV, $\pm 8$ kV, $\pm 15$ kV	Contact: $\pm 8$ kV Air $\pm 2$ kV, $\pm 4$ kV, $\pm 8$ kV, $\pm 15$ kV	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	$\pm 2$ kV for power supply lines $\pm 1$ kV for input/output lines	$\pm 2$ kV for power supply lines Not applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical home healthcare environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	$\pm 0.5$ kV, $\pm 1$ kV line(s) to line(s) $\pm 0.5$ kV, $\pm 1$ kV, $\pm 2$ kV line(s) to earth	$\pm 0.5$ kV, $\pm 1$ kV line(s) to line(s) Not applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical home healthcare environment.
Voltage Dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11	Voltage dips: 0 % UT; 0,5 cycle 0 % UT; 1 cycle 70 % UT; 25/30 cycles  Voltage interruptions: 0 % UT; 250/300 cycle	Voltage dips: 0 % UT; 0,5 cycle 0 % UT; 1 cycle 70 % UT; 25/30 cycles  Voltage interruptions: 0 % UT; 250/300 cycle	Mains power quality should be that of a typical home healthcare environment. If the user of the NJ100 requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the NJ100 be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
Power frequency (50, 60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m 50 Hz or 60 Hz	30 A/m 50 Hz	The NJ100 power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical home healthcare environment.
NOTE UT is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.			

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<b>Immunity test</b>	<b>IEC 60601 test level</b>	<b>Compliance level</b>	<b>Electromagnetic environment-guidance (for home healthcare environment)</b>
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms: 0,15 MHz – 80 MHz 6 Vrms: in ISM and amateur radio bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz  80 % AM at 1 kHz	3 Vrms: 0,15 MHz – 80 MHz 6 Vrms: in ISM and amateur radio bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz  80 % AM at 1 kHz	<b>Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the NJ100</b> including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.  <b>Recommended separation distance:</b> $d = 1,2 \sqrt{P}$ $d = 1,2 \sqrt{P}$ 80MHz to 800 MHz $d = 2,3 \sqrt{P}$ 800MHz to 2,7 GHz  Where $P$ is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and $d$ is the recommended separation distance in metres (m).  Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol: 
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	10 V/m 80 MHz – 2,7 GHz 80 % AM at 1 kHz	10 V/m 80 MHz – 2,7 GHz 80 % AM at 1 kHz	
NOTE1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies. NOTE2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.			

<b>Recommended separation distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the NJ100</b>			
The NJ100 is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment (for home healthcare) in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the NJ100 can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the NJ100 as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.			
<b>Rated maximum output power of transmitter W</b>	<b>Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter m</b>		
	<b>150 kHz to 80 MHz <math>d = 1,2\sqrt{P}</math></b>	<b>80 MHz to 800 MHz <math>d = 1,2\sqrt{P}</math></b>	<b>800 MHz to 2,7 GHz <math>d = 2,3\sqrt{P}</math></b>
0,01	0,12	0,12	0,23
0,1	0,38	0,38	0,73
1	1,2	1,2	2,3
10	3,8	3,8	7,3
100	12	12	23
For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance $d$ in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where $p$ is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer. NOTE1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies. NOTE2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.			

<b>Manufacturer's declaration-electromagnetic immunity</b>							
<b>Test specifications for ENCLOSURE PORT IMMUNITY to RF wireless communications equipment</b>							
The NJ100 is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment (for home healthcare) specified below. The customer or the user of the NJ100 should assure that it is used in such an environment.							
<b>Test frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Band <sup>a)</sup> (MHz)</b>	<b>Service <sup>a)</sup></b>	<b>Modulation <sup>b)</sup></b>	<b>Maximum power (W)</b>	<b>Distance (m)</b>	<b>IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL (V/m)</b>	<b>Compliance LEVEL (V/m) (for home healthcare)</b>
385	380 – 390	TETRA 400	Pulse modulation b) 18 Hz	1,8	0,3	27	27
450	430 – 470	GMRS 460, FRS 460	FM c) ±5 kHz deviation 1 kHz sine	2	0,3	28	28
710	704 – 787	LTE Band 13, 17	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz	0,2	0,3	9	9
745							
780							
810	800 – 960	GSM 800/900, TETRA 800, iDEN 820, CDMA 850, LTE Band 5	Pulse modulation b) 18 Hz	2	0,3	28	28
870							
930							
1 720	1700 – 1990	GSM 1800; CDMA 1900; GSM 1900; DECT; LTE Band 1, 3, 4, 25; UMTS	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz	2	0,3	28	28
1 845							
1 970							
2 450	2400 – 2570	Bluetooth, WLAN, 802.11 b/g/n, RFID 2450, LTE Band 7	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz	2	0,3	28	28
5 240	5100 – 5800	WLAN 802.11 a/n	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz	0,2	0,3	9	9
5 500							
5 785							
NOTE: If necessary to achieve the IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL, the distance between the transmitting antenna and the ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEM may be reduced to 1 m. The 1 m test distance is permitted by IEC 61000-4-3.							
a) For some services, only the uplink frequencies are included.							
b) The carrier shall be modulated using a 50 % duty cycle square wave signal.							
c) As an alternative to FM modulation, 50 % pulse modulation at 18 Hz may be used because while it does not represent actual modulation, it would be worst case.							